

**\*Written Test = 2 points each question**  
**2019-2020 OMTA THEORY LEVEL FOUR - VIOLA**

Student's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Teacher's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Written Score	90
Aural Score	10
<b>TOTAL SCORE</b>	<b>100</b>

**NOTATION OF PITCH**

Write the letter name of each note on the line below.

+12

1. E    2. A#    3. G    4. B<sup>b</sup>    5. A    6. C

Draw the notes on the staff. Use whole notes.

+8

7. G                      8. B#                      9. F                      10. C<sub>b</sub>

DRAW IN THE BOX.

- +4
11. Sharp sign #                      12. Natural sign ♮

**NOTATION OF RHYTHM**

- +10
13. Whole rest ⏏                      14. Dotted quarter note ♩.                      15. Dotted half note ♩.
16. Half rest ⏏                      17. Single eighth note ♪

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**KEY SIGNATURES**

Draw the major key signatures.

+4



18. G Major

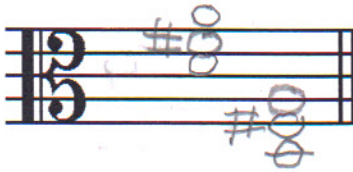


19. A Major

**HARMONIC STUDY**

Draw the triads. Use whole notes.

+4



20. D Major



21. C Major

**SCALES**

Write the pattern of whole steps and half steps used in a Major scale.

Write W for whole step and H for half step.

22. W W H W W W H

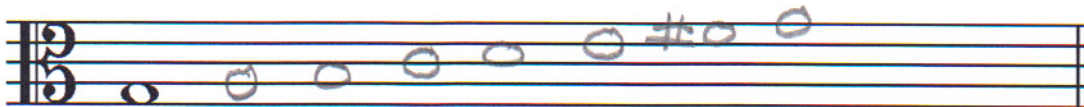
+4

Draw the Major scale one octave **ascending** above the given note.

Use whole notes.

Use accidentals as needed.

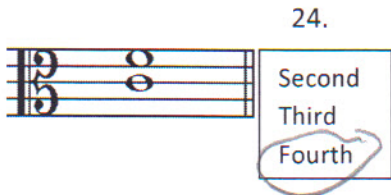
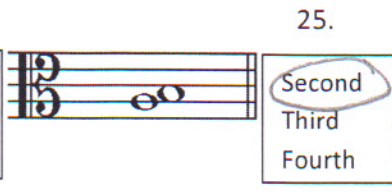

DO NOT USE A KEY SIGNATURE.



23.

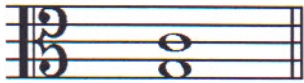
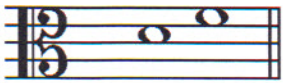
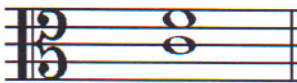
INTERVALS

Identify the intervals. Circle the answer.

24.  25.  26. 

+12

Identify the intervals as **harmonic** or **melodic**.

27. harmonic    28. melodic    29. harmonic

TERMINOLOGY

Match the **terms** with the **definitions**. Write the letter on the blank line.

**TERMS**

30. C D.C. al Fine  
 31. A andante  
 32. I tie  
 33. B parallel motion  
 34. E accent  
 35. G melodic interval  
 36. H fermata  
 37. D allegro  
 38. F harmonic interval

+18

**DEFINITIONS**

- A. Walking tempo  
 B. Music moving in the same direction  
 C. Return to the beginning and play to Fine  
 D. Quick, fast tempo  
 E. A note that is played louder than the notes around it  
 F. The distance between two notes which are played together  
 G. The distance between two notes which are played separately  
 H. To hold a note or rest  
 I. A curved line connecting two notes of the same pitch lengthening the value of the first note

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MUSICAL EXAMPLE

Use the musical example to answer the questions below. **The measures are numbered.**

1 **Allegro** 2 3 4

*mf*

+14

39. The example is in the key of G Major.
40. What does the tempo for this example mean? Circle the answer.  
 Walking tempo      Medium or moderate tempo      Quick, fast, lively
41. What does the dynamic marking in measure one mean? Circle the answer.  
 Medium soft      Soft      Medium loud
42. What is the interval circled in measure three? Circle the answer.  
2<sup>nd</sup>      3<sup>rd</sup>      4<sup>th</sup>
43. What is the sign under measure three called? Circle the answer.  
 Crescendo      Diminuendo
44. What is the symbol over the first note in measure three? Circle the answer.  
Accent      Tie      Ritard
45. What is the sign over the note in measure four? Circle the answer.  
 Tie      Fermata      Accent

**\*Aural Test = 1 point each question**  
**2019-2020 OMTA Aural Awareness Levels 3 & 4**

Student's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Aural Score

10

- |     |                  |                  |
|-----|------------------|------------------|
| 1.  | Same             | Different        |
| 2.  | Staccato         | Legato           |
| 3.  | Staccato         | Legato           |
| 4.  | Piano            | Forte            |
| 5.  | High             | Low              |
| 6.  | Gradually Louder | Gradually Softer |
| 7.  | Second           | Third            |
| 8.  | Higher           | Lower            |
| 9.  | Higher           | Lower            |
| 10. | Higher           | Lower            |